[CONFIDENTIAL]

(Rough Draft for Consideration Only.)

PROOF

No. , 1931.

A BILL

regulate the supply, consumption, and use of gas and electricity; to prescribe the standards of heating power, purity, and pressure of gas; to provide for the regulation of companies, corporations, firms, and persons supplying gas and electricity, and particularly with regard to reserves, funds, accounts, and the issue of shares; to repeal the Gas Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts, and Electric Lighting and Gas Emergency Act, 1917; to amend an Act passed in the eighth year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Sydney in the Colony of New South Wales, and to enable certain persons associated under the name, style, and firm of 'The Australian 62189

Australian Gas Light Company' to sue and be sued in the name of the Secretary for the time being of the said Company, and for other purposes therein mentioned"; and for purposes connected therewith.

MR. BADDELEY;—

, 1931.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

- 1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Gas and Electricity Act, 1931."
- (2) This Act shall commence on a day to be 10 appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.
 - (3) This Act is divided into Parts as follows:—
 - PART I.—Preliminary—ss. 1-4.
 - PART II.—APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONER AND 15 CONSTITUTION OF COMMISSIONS—88. 5-8.
 - PART III.—REGULATION OF GAS COMPANIES AND ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES—88. 9-4.
 - PART IV.—Gas—ss. 25-41.
 - Division 1.—Standard of heating power and of 20 purity of gas—ss. 25–30.
 - Division 2.—Gas examiners—ss. 31-33.
 - Division 3.—General and supplemental—ss. 34-11.
 - PART V.—ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES ss. 25 42-47.

PART

PART VI.—EMERGENCY PROVISIONS—ss. 48-57.
PART VII.—GENERAL—ss. 58-60.
SCHEDULES.

- 2. (1) The Acts mentioned in Schedule Six to this Repeal.

 5 Act are, to the extent therein specified, hereby repealed.
- (2) All regulations made under the Gas Act, 1912, in force at the commencement of this Act shall continue in force so far as they are not inconsistent with this Act until repealed or replaced by regulations made 10 under this Act.

In the construction of such regulations, any reference to a board shall be construed as a reference to the Commissioner appointed by or under this Λ ct.

3. (1) This Act, sections nine to sixteen both Application 15 inclusive excepted, shall apply to all gas companies and electric light companies.

Sections nine to sixteen both inclusive of this Act shall apply to the companies specified in Schedule One as from the commencement of this Act, and to any 20 company added to Schedule One as from the date of its inclusion therein.

Part VI of this Act shall also extend to local authorities and to any person or corporation acting on behalf of the Crown.

- 25 (2) Where the provisions of this Act are inconsistent with the provisions of any other Act with regard to any matter to which this Act applies, the provisions of this Act shall prevail.
- (3) Any gas or electric light company, whether operating under the provisions of a special Act, or not, shall, subject to this Act, be deemed to be fully authorised to perform or do any act or thing necessary for manufacturing or supplying gas or electricity in accordance with the requirements of this Act.
- 35 (4) The Governor may by proclamation in the Gazette exempt either wholly or in part any company or class of companies from the operation of this Act.

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Definitions.

4. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise requires,—

"Commission" means a commission constituted

under this Act.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner for Gas and Electricity.

"Electricity" means electricity, electric current,

or any like agency.

"Electric light company" means any company, corporation, firm, or person supplying or dis-10 tributing electricity for lighting, heating, motive power, or other purpose, and disposing of the same for profit, but save in Part VI does not include a local authority or any person or corporation acting on behalf of the Crown.

"Electric line" means a wire or wires, conductor, or other means used or intended to be used for the purpose of applying, conveying, transmitting, or distributing electricity, and includes any casing, coating, tube, pipe, or insulator 20 wholly or partly enclosing, surrounding, or supporting the same or any part thereof, or any apparatus connected therewith for the purpose of conveying, transmitting, or distributing electricity.

"Gas company" means any company, corporation, firm, or person supplying gas for lighting, heating, motive power or other purpose, and disposing of the same for profit, but save in Part VI does not include a local authority or 30 any person or corporation acting on behalf of

the Crown.

"Gasworks" means works of a gas company and the works connected therewith.

"Local authority" means council of a city, munici-35 pality, or shire, or a county council.

"Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by

regulations made thereunder.

"Therm" means one hundred thousand British thermal units net.

PART II.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONER AND CONSTITUTION OF COMMISSIONS.

5. (1) The first Commissioner for Gas and Electricity The Commissioner shall be the person holding the position of Underscioner.

Secretary of the Department of Labour and Industry at the date of the commencement of this Act.

(2) Upon the death, resignation, or removal from office of or vacation of office by any Commissioner, or upon the first Commissioner ceasing to hold the position of Under-Secretary of the Department of Labour and Industry, the Governor may appoint any person to be Commissioner.

(3) The first Commissioner shall hold office while 15 he holds the position of Under-Secretary of the Department of Labour and Industry. Λ Commissioner appointed under this Act shall hold office for a term of seven years. A Commissioner ceasing to hold office as such shall be eligible for reappointment.

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(4) Any Commissioner appointed by or under this Act No. 31 of Act may be suspended from his office by the Governor 1902, s. 8. for misbehaviour or incompetence, but shall not be removed from office except in manner following, that is to say:—

(i) The Minister shall cause to be laid before Parliament a full statement of the grounds of suspension within seven sitting days after such suspension if Parliament is in session, or if not, then within seven sitting days after the commencement of the next session or sitting;

(ii) a Commissioner suspended under this subsection shall be restored to office unless each House of Parliament within twenty-one sitting days from the time when such statement has been laid before it declares by resolution that the Commissioner ought to be removed from office, and if within the time aforesaid each House of Parliament so declares, the Commissioner shall be removed by the Governor accordingly.

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Vacation of

- (5) Any Commissioner appointed by or under this Act shall be deemed to have vacated his office if he—
 - (a) becomes bankrupt, compounds with his creditors, or makes an assignment of his salary or estate for their benefit:
 - (b) absents himself from duty for a period of fourteen consecutive days except on leave granted by the Minister (which leave he is authorised to grant) or becomes incapable of performing his duties;
 - (c) becomes an insane person or patient or an incapable person within the meaning of the Lunacy Act, 1895;
 - (d) resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor.
- (6) The Commissioner shall be entitled to receive as remuneration for his services such amount as may be prescribed.

Commission.

- 6. (1) Where an inquiry is to be held under this Act, the Minister shall constitute a commission.
- (2) A commission shall consist of the Commissioner and two members appointed by the Minister, one of whom shall be appointed on the nomination of the electric light company or gas company concerned in the matter in respect of which the inquiry is to be held, and 25 the other of whom shall be an officer of the Public Service, competent to deal with matters of accounts, nominated by the Auditor-General.
- (3) If no person, or no person able and willing to act as a member of the commission, is within the 30 time prescribed nominated by the company concerned, the Minister may appoint any person to represent the company as a member of the commission.
- (4) The Commissioner shall preside at all meetings of the commission at which he is present, and, in the 35 case of an equal division of votes, shall have a casting vote.
- (5) In the absence of the Commissioner by reason of illness, suspension, or otherwise, the Acting Under-Secretary of the Department of Labour and Industry 40 shall

shall act as Commissioner during his absence, and while so acting shall have all the powers and authorities of the Commissioner.

In the case of illness, suspension, or absence of any 5 member of the commission, other than the Commissioner, the Minister may appoint a deputy to act for such member during his illness, suspension, or absence. Each such deputy shall be appointed on the like nomination as the member who is ill, suspended, or 10 absent was appointed, and during the time he acts as deputy have all the power and authority of such member.

(6) Any two members of the commission shall be a quorum, and, subject to subsection seven of this 15 section, shall have all the powers and authority by this Act conferred upon the commission.

(7) If at any meeting of the commission at which two members only are present, neither of whom is the Commissioner, such members differ in opinion upon any 20 matter, the determination of such matter shall be postponed until such time as the Commissioner shall be present.

(8) No act, determination, or proceeding of the commission shall be invalid merely because at the time 25 of the act, determination, or proceeding there is a vacancy in the office of Commissioner or of a member of the commission.

(9) The determination of the majority of the commission on any matter shall be deemed to be the 30 determination of the commission, but any member may prepare a dissentient report which shall be presented to the Minister with the report of the commission.

(10) No action or suit shall be brought or maintained against any person who is or at any time 35 has been a member of the commission, for anything done or omitted by him pursuant to the duties imposed upon him by this Act.

(11) The members of a commission other than the Commissioner shall be entitled to receive and retain 40 as remuneration for their services such fee as may be prescribed for each meeting of the commission attended.

(1.)

(12) The expenses of all inquiries by a commission including the remuneration of the member appointed on the nomination of or to represent the company shall be paid by the company concerned in the subject-matter of the inquiry.

(13) No inquiry in respect of the prices charged by any company shall be held by the commission

without the consent of the Minister.

Commission to have powers of a Royal Commissioner. 7. A commission and the Commissioner shall for the purposes of any inquiry under this Act, have the powers conferred by the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, on a commissioner and the chairman of a commission respectively, appointed under Division 1 of Part II of that Act, and the said Act, section thirteen, and Division 2 of Part II excepted shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to any witness or person summoned by or appearing before a commission.

Appointment of officers and employees. of. Act No. 15, 1926, s. 33.

8. (1) For the purpose of carrying out the powers, authorities, duties, functions, and obligations conferred or imposed by this Act on the Commissioner or a commission, the Commissioner, with the approval of the Minister of the department concerned, may make use of the services of any of the officers and employees of the Public Service.

(2) The secretary to the Commissioner and such other officers as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act, shall be appointed under and subject to the provisions of the Public Service Act, 1902.

(3) The Commissioner may appoint, employ, and dismiss such casual employees as he deems necessary 30 for the purposes of this Act, and may fix wages and conditions of employment where these are not fixed in accordance with the provisions of other Acts.

PART

PART III.

REGULATION OF GAS COMPANIES AND ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES.

- 9. (1) Except as by this Act provided, the profits of Standard 5 any gas company or electric light company to be rate of divided among the holders of its share capital in any cf. Act No. year shall not exceed the following rate (which is in 71, 1912, this Act referred to as the standard rate of dividend), so 15. that is to say:—
- 10 On the ordinary share capital of the company at the rate of six pounds in respect of every one hundred pounds actually paid up or issued as paid up of such capital, and on the preference capital of the company at the rate of five pounds ten shillings in respect of every 15 one hundred pounds actually paid up or issued as paid up of such capital.
- (2) A gas company or electric light company may increase the standard rate of dividend subject to a reduction of the price charged by the company for gas 20 or electricity below the standard price referred to in section fourteen as follows:—

In respect of any year during the whole of which the price charged by a gas company shall have been one penny or more below the standard price for that company, the dividend payable by the company may in respect of each penny by which the standard price shall have been reduced be increased above the standard rate by twenty-five shillings on every hundred pounds of ordinary paid-up capital, and so in proportion for any 30 fraction of one hundred pounds.

Where a reduction in the standard price of gas is made by such company for six months only of any year, the dividend payable by the company for such year may, in respect of each penny of such reduction, be increased by twelve shillings and sixpence on every one hundred pounds of ordinary paid-up capital, and so in proportion for any fraction of one hundred pounds.

In respect of any year during the whole of which the price charged by any electric light company shall have

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been one farthing or more below the standard price for that company, the dividend payable by the company may, in respect of each farthing by which the standard price shall have been reduced, be increased above the standard rate by ten shillings on every hundred pounds of ordinary paid-up capital, and so in proportion for any fraction of one hundred pounds.

Where a reduction in the standard price of electricity is made by such company for six months only of one year, the dividend payable by the company for such year may, in respect of each farthing of such reduction. be increased by five shillings on every one hundred 10 pounds of ordinary paid-up capital, and so in proportion for any fraction of one hundred pounds.

Special fund. cf. Act No. 71, 1912, s. 16.

10. (1) The directors of a gas company or electric purposes and light company may, if they think fit, in any year appropriate out of the revenue of the company, as part 15 of the expenditure on revenue account, any sum not exceeding an amount equal to three per centum of the amount expended out of borrowed and share capital, on the buildings and manufacturing and distributing plant belonging to and in use by the company to a fund to be 20 called the special purposes and depreciation fund.

Application of fund.

- (2) The special purposes and depreciation fund shall be applicable only to meet such charges as are certified to by the Commissioner as being—
 - (a) expenses incurred by reason of accidents or 25 circumstances which due care and management could not have prevented; or
 - (b) expenses incurred in the replacement, renewal, or removal of plant or works, other than expenses requisite for maintenance and repairs 30 of plant and works.

Maximum amount of fund.

(3) Except as provided in subsection five of this section, the maximum amount standing to the credit of the special purposes and depreciation fund shall not at any time exceed an amount equal to one-35 twentieth part of the borrowed and share capital of the company, inclusive of premiums.

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(4) The moneys forming the special purposes Investment and depreciation fund, or any portion thereof, may be of fund. Invested in securities in which the directors of the company are authorised by law to invest, or may be 5 applied for the general purposes of the company to which capital is properly applicable, or may be partly so invested and partly so applied.

standing to the credit of the special purposes and 10 depreciation fund of any gas company or electric light company has reached the maximum prescribed, and in the opinion of that company the said amount is inadequate for the prospective requirements of the company under its then existing circumstances, the 15 company may apply to the Minister to constitute a commission to inquire into the matter.

The commission shall report its determination to the Minister, and thereupon the Governor may, by proclamation published in the Gazette, increase the maximum 20 amount which may stand to the credit of the special purposes and depreciation fund of such company by such sum and for such a period as the commission may recommend.

11. (1) When in any year the rate of dividend that Reserve
25 may be paid on the ordinary share capital of a gas fund.
company or electric light company exceeds the standard cf. Act No.
rate by reason of the price charged by the company for s. 17.
gas or electricity in such year being below the standard price as provided in section fourteen, then, out of the
amount of the divisible profits of the company applicable to the payment of such excess of dividends, the directors of the company may in such year set apart such sum as they think fit by way of a reserve fund.

(2) The total amount paid in any year by way 35 of such excess dividend, and the amount so set apart in such year to the reserve fund, shall not, when taken together, exceed the total amount permitted to be paid by way of excess dividend under section nine.

(3) All sums (if any) so set apart may be 40 invested in Government or other securities not connected with the business of the company, and the dividends

dividends and interest arising from such securities may also be invested in the same or like securities in order that the same may accumulate at compound interest.

(4) The fund so formed shall be called "the reserve fund." It shall be applicable to the payment 5 of dividend in any year in which the clear profits of the company are insufficient to enable the company to pay the authorised rate, and for no other purpose.

(5) Save as by this section specially provided, no sum shall in any year be carried by the company to 10 any reserve fund, nor shall any company have or held from one year to another any reserve fund other than the special purposes and depreciation fund and the

reserve fund mentioned in this section.

Transfer of suspense accounts and reserves to special purposes and depreciation fund.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary 15 contained in any memorandum or articles of association, rules, or deed of settlement, or in this or any other Act, the following provisions shall have effect:

(a) The companies specified in Schedule One to this Act shall within six months from the 20 commencement of this Act transfer the whole of their suspense accounts or reserves other than those provided for in sections ten and eleven of this Act to the special purposes and depreciation fund.

(b) Any other gas company or electric light company shall in like manner transfer the whole of its suspense accounts or reserves other than those provided for in sections ten and eleven of this Act to the special purposes and depreci- 30 ation fund within six months from the date of its inclusion in Schedule One to this Act.

13. The profits of a gas company or electric light company shall not be utilised in any other way than to provide for a special purposes and depreciation fund and a reserve fund in accordance with this Act, and for the purposes mentioned in section nine.

Any company paying moneys from profits into any 35 other account shall be liable on conviction to a penalty of one hundred pounds, and a further penalty of fifty pounds for every day on which after such conviction such moneys are retained in any such account.

Distribution of profits. cf. Act No. 71, 1912, s. 19.

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14. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in Standard any memorandum or articles of association, a gas price. company shall charge for gas supplied by it on the cf. Act No. basis of the number of therms consumed, and an s. 20. 5 electric light company shall charge for electricity supplied by it on the basis of the number of units consumed. The standard price to be charged by a gas company for gas supplied by it to private consumers by meter, or by an electric light company for any 10 electricity so supplied, shall be at the rate set out in Schedule One to this Act or any addition to such Schedule: Provided that a gas company may supply gas for industrial purposes at a price fixed by a commission constituted for that purpose, and the price so

15 fixed may be less than the standard price.

(2) (a) Where any gas company or electric light company so requests, the Minister shall constitute a commission to inquire whether the standard price for the time being standing against the name of 20 the company in Schedule One will produce such an amount as together with all other revenue received, or which under efficient management might be received from any source by the company, will enable the company to pay the standard rate of dividend 25 authorised by this Act after making provision for—

(i) interest payable on loans;

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(ii) expenses properly chargeable to revenue (and in respect of which the commission shall be satisfied as to the necessity for or expediency of the expenditure); and

(iii) a reasonable sum for contingencies, which shall not exceed the amount necessary to pay one half year's dividend at the standard rate.

The commission shall determine and certify to the Minister the standard price which under the circumstances aforesaid will enable the company to pay the standard rate of dividend, and the Governor may by proclamation amend Schedule One by substituting for the standard price standing therein against the name 40 of such company the standard price determined and certified by the commission.

(b)

(b) If at any time the Minister shall be of opinion that the standard price for the time being standing against the name of any company is more than sufficient under the circumstances set out in paragraph (a) of this subsection to enable the company to pay the standard rate of dividend the Minister may cause an inquiry to be held by a commission. The provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to such inquiry and to the determination and proclamation of any reduction in the standard price of 10 such company consequent thereon.

Inquiry as to standard price to be charged by companies not included in Schedule One.

of. Act No. 71, 1912, s. 32.

15. (1) The Minister shall, at the request in writing of any gas company or electric light company not included in Schedule One, and may, on his own initiative, at any time cause an inquiry to be held by a commission 15

with respect to any such company.

(2) The commission shall determine and fix, in the case of a gas company, a price per therm for gas sold by meter, and in the case of an electric light company, a price or prices per unit of electricity, which, if charged 20 by the said company, will, in the opinion of the commission produce such an amount as, together with all other revenue received or which, under efficient management, might be received from any source by the said company, will enable the said company to pay the 25 standard rate of dividend authorised by this Act, after making provision for—

(a) interest payable on loans;

(b) expenses properly chargeable to revenue (and in respect of which the commission shall be 30 satisfied as to the necessity for or the expediency of the expenditure); and

(c) a reasonable sum for contingencies, which shall not exceed the amount necessary to pay one half year's dividend at the standard rate. 35

(3) A certificate of the price or prices so determined and fixed shall be forwarded to the Governor, and upon the receipt of such certificate the Governor may by proclamation published in the Gazette direct that the name of the company and the price or prices 40 mentioned in the certificate be added to Schedule One.

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The said Schedule shall thereupon be deemed to be amended accordingly, and the said price or prices shall be the standard price to be charged by the said company for gas sold by meter, or for electricity supplied or 5 distributed.

(4) Such commission may, upon the application of the company or upon direction of the Minister, review the standard price fixed in accordance with this section at any time within twelve months after the 10 inclusion of the company in Schedule One. A certificate of any amended price determined by the commission shall be forwarded to the Governor, who may by proclamation in the Gazette direct that the amended price mentioned in the certificate shall be inserted in 15 Schedule One in lieu of the price mentioned in that Schedule.

16. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any Act Issue of or of any memorandum or articles of association relating additional to a gas company or electric light company, the issue of act No. 20 after the commencement of this Act of any shares 71, 1912, in such company shall be subject to the following s. 21.

provisions:—

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(a) All shares so to be issued shall be offered for sale by public auction or tender, and may be

sold at, above, or below par.

(b) Notice of the intended sale shall be given to the Commissioner at least twenty-eight days before the day of auction or the last day for the reception of tenders, as the care may be, and shall also be advertised once in each of two consecutive weeks in one or more daily newspapers published in Sydney, and in one or more newspapers published and circulating in the locality in which the company supplies gas or electricity.

(c) A reserve price shall be fixed and notice thereof shall be sent by the company in a sealed letter to be received by the Commissioner not less than twenty-four hours before, but not to be opened until after the day of the auction or after the last day for the receipt of tenders as

the case may be.

(d) No lot offered for sale shall comprise shares of greater nominal value than one hundred pounds.

(e) In the case of a sale by tender no preference shall be given to one of two or more persons

tendering the same sum.

In the case of a sale by auction a bid shall not be recognised unless it is in advance of the

last preceding bid.

(f) It shall be one of the conditions of sale that 10 the total sum payable by the purchaser shall be paid to the company on a day to be fixed by the company being within three months after the date of the auction or of the acceptance of the tender as the case may be.

(g) Any shares or stock which have been so offered for sale and are not sold may be offered at the reserve price to the holders of ordinary and preference shares of stock of the company and to the employees of the company and to the employees of the company and to the 20 consumers of gas or electricity supplied by the company in such proportions as the company may think fit, or to one or more of these classes of persons only:

Provided that in the case of an offer to 25 holders of shares or stock, if the aggregate amount of shares or stock applied for exceeds the aggregate amount so offered as aforesaid, the same shall be allotted to and distributed amongst the applicants as nearly as may be in 30 proportion to the amounts applied for by them

respectively.

(h) Any shares or stock which may have been offered for sale in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this section, and are not 35 sold, shall be again offered for sale by public auction or by tender in accordance with the provisions of this section; and any such shares or stock then remaining unsold may be otherwise disposed of at such price 40 and in such manner as the directors of the company may determine for the purpose of realising the best price obtainable. (i)

- (i) As soon as possible after the conclusion of the sale or sales the company shall send a report thereof to the Commissioner, stating the total amount of the respective shares or stock sold, the total amount obtained as premium (if any), and the highest and lowest prices obtained for the respective shares or stock.
- (j) The amount of premium shall in all cases be treated as non-dividend bearing.

10 (2) In this section "shares" includes ordinary cf. Gas Act, 1924, S.A. and preference shares.

s. 45 (2).

17. Every gas company and electric light company Annual shall cause to be filled up and forwarded to the Comstatement of accounts missioner, on or before the thirty-first day of March of accounts.

15 in each year, an annual statement of accounts and list 71, 1912, of shareholders made up to the thirty-first day of some particular specified in the form, and contain the particulars specified in Schedule Five to 20 this Act or as near thereto as circumstances will permit.

In the case of an electric light company the statement and list shall be in the same form so far as the same is appropriate and shall also contain such particulars as are specified in any addition made to Schedule Five or 25 as near thereto as circumstances will permit.

The company shall keep copies of such annual statement and list at its office and sell the same to any applicant at a price not exceeding one shilling for each copy.

If any such company makes default in complying with the provisions of this section it shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two pounds for each day during which such default continues.

18. (1) The Auditor-General shall, at the request Examination of the Minister, either personally or by an officer accounts. appointed by him, examine and report to the Minister of. Ibid. s. 23. upon the accounts of any gas company or electric light company; or

The Minister may appoint any officer of the Public 40 Service to examine or audit the accounts of any such company, and report to him upon the result of such examination and audit.

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For the purposes of any such examination, audit, or report, the Auditor-General or the officer appointed by him or by the Minister shall be given access and opportunity to examine all books and documents in the control of the company which relate to the accounts

of the company.

(2) If any person obstructs the Auditor-General or any officer appointed by him, or by the Minister, in the exercise of his powers or the performance of his duties under this section, or without lawful excuse refuses to produce any book, account, document, writing, 10 papers, or instrument in his possession or under his control, or to answer any question asked by the Auditor-General or such officer for the purpose of the exercise. of such powers or performance of such duties, he shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding 15 twenty pounds, and if any person, after conviction for any such offence, still refuses to produce any such book, account, document, writing, paper, or instrument, or to answer any such question, he shall be liable to a further penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for every 20 day during which such default continues.

Company to pay interest on deposits.

19. If any person is required by a gas company or electric light company to give security for any supply of gas or electricity, or for the payment of the rental of any meter, fittings, or electric motor, and such security 25 is in the form of a deposit, such company shall pay interest at a rate per annum to be fixed by the Commissioner from time to time on every sum deposited by way of security for every six months during the time the same is held by such company.

20. Any gas company or electric light company, including any or all of the companies specified in Schedule One hereto, may, with the consent in writing of the Minister after a commission has inquired and reported that such is desirable in the interests of the 35 public, at any time after the commencement of this Act, and notwithstanding the provisions of any Act constituting the same,—

(a) raise such additional capital as may be necessary by the creation and issue of ordinary 40 shares

Power to raise additional capital, borrow money, and consolidate and divide share capital. cf Act No. 71, 1912, s. 29.

shares or stock, or preference shares or stock, or wholly or partially by one or more of those modes respectively;

(b) raise or borrow money, or secure the payment or repayment of such money in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the said company in general meeting or the directors may prescribe.

Any security given in respect of any such sum or sums shall be in such form and shall contain such provisions as the directors may

decide:

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(c) consolidate and divide all or any of the share capital of the said company into shares of larger amount than the existing shares of the company, or subdivide the existing shares of the company, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount, so, however, that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived.

21. Commissions shall be constituted, and shall Certain 25 within fourteen days after the commencement of this inquiries to be Act commence inquiries in respect of The Australian within Gas Light Company, the North Shore Gas Company after the Limited, and the City of Newcastle Gas and Coke commence-Company Limited, respectively.

The provisions of paragraph (a) of subsection two of section fourteen of this Act shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to such inquiries, and to the determination and proclamation of any reduction in the standard **price** of such companies consequent thereon.

22. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any Act, Extension of deed of settlement, memorandum or articles of associa- areas of operations of tion, any gas company or electric light company included companies. in Schedule One or in any addition thereto may, subject cf. Act No. to such conditions as may be prescribed by regulation, s. 36.

40 after an inquiry held by a commission, carry on operations and supply gas or electricity within such further area as is prescribed by the Governor by proclamation in the Gazette.

(2) Any such company may be authorised by the proclamation to charge for gas or electricity sold within any area prescribed in the proclamation such an additional rate as the commission shall determine to be necessary to recoup the company for the additional cost of the supply or distribution of gas or electricity within such area.

Proclemation 1912, s. 37.

23. The Governor may after the Commissioner has after inquiry. inquired and reported that such would be in the interest of the public, by proclamation published in the Gazette— 10

(a) authorise arrangements for the purchase by agreement of the assets and undertaking of a gas company or electric light company by another such company or for the joint working or amalgamation of any gas companies or 15 electric light companies upon such conditions as the Commissioner may recommend, including necessary provisions with regard to the capital of the combined company, the vesting of the property and rights of the purchased or 20 amalgamated companies, and other necessary incidents and consequences ofpurchase. amalgamation, or joint working;

(b) modify or amend the powers of any special Act or other provision relating to any gas 25 company or electric light company affected by any proclamation under this Act as the Commissioner may recommend, and as may be necessary to provide for the proper and

efficient conduct of the company's business.

Other matters which may be referred to a commission.

24. (1) A commission may be constituted— (a) by the Minister of his own motion to inquire into and report to the Minister upon any matter affecting the relations between any gas company or electric light company and its 35 consumers;

(b) by the Minister of his own motion or at the request of any gas company or electric light company to inquire into and report to the Minister upon any matter affecting the 40 company in its internal affairs;

 (\mathbf{c})

(c) by the Minister of his own motion or at the request of any gas company or electric light company to inquire into and report to the Minister upon a scheme for the superannuation of its employees.

(2) The Governor may on the report of the commission that such action is desirable by proclama-

tion published in the Gazette—

(a) modify or amend the provisions of any special Act, deed of settlement, memorandum, or articles of association or other instrument constituting or regulating the affairs of any such company;

(b) authorise any scheme for the superannuation of its employees, including the provision of funds for the support of the same as an expense properly chargeable to revenue under this Act as the commission may recommend.

PART IV.

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GAS.

Division 1.—Standard of heating power and of purity of gas.

25. (1) The quality of the gas supplied by a gas Heating power and company shall, with respect to its heating power, be purity of gas.

25 not less than five hundred British thermal units net. cf. Act No.

Such gas shall, as to its purity, not exhibit any trace 71, 1912, s. 4.

of sulphuretted hydrogen, when tested in accordance with this Act, and the standard of purity shall be as prescribed in Schedule Two hereto.

(2) The apparatus to be

(2) The apparatus to be used for testing the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas shall be

as prescribed in Schedule Three to this Act.

(3)

Penalty for

defect in

heating

power. cf. Act No. 71, 1912,

s. 5.

(3) A gas company shall provide testing-places at places approved by the Minister, which shall be on the lands of the company, and shall not, except by agreement between the Minister and the company, exceed three in number, and all the apparatus required by this Act for the testing of its gas, and shall at all times keep the same in proper order and repair.

(4) The method of testing shall be as prescribed

by Schedule Four to this Act.

26. Subject to the provisions of section thirty-nine 10 of this Act, if on any day the gas supplied by any gas company at any testing-place when tested in the manner prescribed is of less heating power than as above prescribed the company shall be liable to penalties as follows:—

For any deficiency up to and including five per centum of deficiency, not exceeding ten pounds;
For any deficiency in excess of five per centum, not less than twenty-five pounds and not exceeding one hundred pounds:

Provided that where one penalty is imposed in respect of defective heating power in the gas supplied by the company at one testing-place on any day, no further penalty may be imposed in respect of defective heating power in the gas supplied by the company at any other 25 testing-place on the same day:

Provided also that the average of the testings made at such testing-place on that day and on the preceding day and on the following day shall be deemed to represent the heating power of such gas on such day at such 30

testing-place.

Penalty for defect in purity. cf. Ibid. s. 6.

27. If on any day the gas supplied by a gas company at any testing-place is of less purity than that prescribed, the company shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds for each occasion on which it is in default: 35

Provided that where one penalty is imposed in respect of excess of impurity in the gas supplied by the company at one testing-place on any day, no further penalty may be imposed in respect of excess of impurity in the gas as supplied by the company at any other 40 testing-place on the same day:

Provided

Provided also that the average of the testings made at such testing-places on that day and on the preceding and following days shall be deemed to represent the purity of such gas on such day at such testing-place.

5 28. (1) Unless a gas company shall be prevented Pressure by accident or by the necessity of temporarily opening of gas. or otherwise temporarily disturbing its mains in the cf. Act No. locality for the purpose of effecting repairs to or making 1. 7. connections with such mains, all gas supplied by a gas

- 10 company to any consumer of gas shall be supplied at such a pressure as to balance a column of water not less than one and one-half inches in height at the main, or as near as may be to the junction therewith of the service pipe supplying the consumer.
- 15 (2) Any gas examiner may at a testing-place or at a point within two feet of the inlet of any meter, as and when he thinks fit, test the pressure at which the gas is supplied.

The gas company shall afford to the examiner all

20 reasonable facilities for making the test.

For the purpose of the test the examiner shall connect to the inlet service pipe a self-registering pressure gauge by a flexible or other suitable pipe which shall be gastight.

25 29. If at any time the gas supplied by a gas Penalty for company is supplied at a pressure less than that above defect in prescribed, the company shall in each case be liable to cf. Thid. a penalty not exceeding ten pounds:

s. 10.

Provided that where a penalty is imposed in respect 30 of insufficiency of pressure in the gas supplied by the company during any period of twenty-four hours, no further penalty may be imposed in respect of insufficiency of pressure in the gas supplied by the company during the same period.

35 **30.** No penalty shall be incurred by a gas company Saving as to for defect of heating power, excess of impurity, or penalties. insufficiency of pressure, in the gas supplied by such of solutions. In company, in any case in respect of which it is proved that such defect or excess or insufficiency was produced 40 by any circumstances beyond the control of the company.

DIVISION

Division 2.—Gas examiners.

Appointment of gas examiners and testing by them. cf. Act No. 71, 1912, s. 12.

31. The Governor may appoint competent and impartial persons to be gas examiners.

Such examiners may at any reasonable hours test the heating power, purity, and pressure of the gas 5 supplied by any gas company, and for that purpose may enter any land or premises of any such company.

The company shall not be entitled to notice of any

proposed testing.

Any such tests shall be made in accordance with the 10

provisions of this Act.

Report of testing. of. *Ibid*. s. 13.

32. A gas examiner shall, on the day immediately following that on which the testing has been conducted, or as soon thereafter as possible, make and deliver a report to be filed in the office of the Commissioner of 15 the results of his testing, and deliver a copy of such report to the gas company.

Facilities to be afforded gas examiners. cf. *Ibid.* s, 14.

33. A gas company and its officers and servants shall give to a gas examiner and to his assistants access to the testing-place, and shall afford all facilities for the 20 proper execution of this Act.

If any such company or any such officer or servant fails to comply with the provisions of this section, it or he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding *ten* pounds.

Division 3.—General and supplemental.

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Gas to be supplied through meters.

34. Every consumer of gas supplied by any gas company shall consume such gas only through a meter to be supplied by such company, duly stamped under the authority of this Act:

Provided that a company may by agreement with a 30 consumer supply a special apparatus designed to consume gas continually for twenty-four hours per day at a rate to be fixed by the Commissioner.

Provided also that the Commissioner may, upon such terms as to charge and upon such conditions as he 35 thinks fit, authorise a company to dispense with the use of a meter for a period determined by the Commissioner, when the meter for the time being installed is in need of repairs, and if of a size not usually kept in stock by the company concerned.

35.

35. No meter shall be issued for use by a gas company Meters to be until it has been first tested and stamped by a Govern-tested and ment examiner in the manner prescribed.

cf. Act No. 71, 1912, s. 8.

36. (1) A gas company shall, upon being required Cost of pipes so to do by the owner or occupier of any premises to be 5 situate within twenty-five yards from any main of such gas company company, give and continue to give a supply of gas for and owner of premises. such premises, and furnish and lay any pipe that may cf. Ibid. be necessary for such purpose:

Provided that the cost of so much of any pipe for the 10 supply of gas to any owner or occupier as may be laid upon the property of such owner, or in the possession of such occupier, and of so much of any such pipe as may be laid for a greater distance than thirty feet from any pipe of the company, although not on such property, It shall be defrayed by such owner or occupier.

(2) Every occupier or owner of premises requiring a supply of gas shall serve a notice on the gas company at the office specifying the premises in respect of which such supply is required, and the day, 20 not being earlier than forty-five days, upon which the supply is required to commence, and shall, if required by such company so to do, enter into a written contract with such company to continue to receive and pay for a supply of gas for a period of at least twelve months 25 thereafter, and give to the company, if required by it to do so, security for the payment to them of all moneys which may become due to them by such owner or occupier in respect of such supply of gas as may be registered by meter, and of any pipe to be laid upon the 30 property of such owner or in the possession of such occupier.

Whenever the company wilfully neglects or refuses to give a supply of gas to any owner or occupier of such premises under such pressure as is prescribed it shall be 35 liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for each

day during which such default continues.

37. In addition to the price charged by any com- Charge for pany for gas supplied by it, such company may charge hire of meter. for the hire of any meter and fittings to be used there-s. 28.

with

with a price to be determined by the Commissioner, and no other charge in respect of the meter may be made by the company without the consent of the Commissioner.

The said price shall include the providing, letting, fixing, repairing, and maintenance of the meter and 5 fittings, and the cost of collection, inspection, and any other cost incurred by the company in connection with

the meter and fittings.

Amendment. of Act 8 Wm. IV. cf. Act No. 71, 1912, s. 30.

38. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Act passed in the eighth year of the reign of His late 10 Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Sydney in the Colony of New South Wales, and to enable certain persons associated under the name, style, and firm of 'The Australian Gas Light Company, to sue and be sued in 15 the name of the Secretary for the time being of the said Company, and for other purposes therein mentioned "-

(a) in each year one director of the Australian Gas-light Company shall be appointed at a general meeting of the Australian Gas-light 20 Company's Employees' Share Purchase and

Co-operative Society Limited.

The appointment shall take effect from the date of the next general annual meeting or assembly of the company after the general 25 meeting of the said society;

(b) it shall be lawful for the proprietors of The Australian Gas Light Company by resolution passed at any general meeting of the company

(i) alter the number of directors of the company, but so that the number of directors, including the director appointed by resolution of the Australian Gas-light Company's Employees' Share Purchase 35 and Co-operative Society Limited, shall not exceed seven:

(ii) provide for the election, retirement, qualification, and disqualification directors, other than the director

appointed:

(iii) provide for the remuneration of directors.

30

(2) The first appointment of a director of The Australian Gas Light Company by the Australian Gaslight Company's Employees' Share Purchase and Co-operative Society Limited, shall be made within six 5 months after the commencement of this Act, and thereupon the following provisions shall have effect:—

(a) The director so appointed shall hold office as an additional director of the company until the date of the next general annual meeting or

assembly of the said company.

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(b) Any director appointed by the said society shall have the powers, authorities, duties, and obligations of and shall receive the like remuneration as a director elected at a general annual meeting or assembly of the company.

39. (1) If the Minister is satisfied after an inquiry standards of held by a commission that it would be to the advantage heating of the consumers of gas of any gas company he may by of. Act No. proclamation published in the Gazette prescribe, in 71, 1912, 20 respect of the gas to be supplied by any such company, s. 35. such reduced standard of heating power as shall be

recommended by the commission in lieu of the standard prescribed in section twenty-five.

(2) If on any day the gas supplied by any such 25 company at any testing-place, when tested in manner prescribed in the regulations, is of less heating power than that prescribed in the proclamation, the company shall be liable to penalties as follows:—

(a) for any deficiency up to and including five per centum of deficiency, not exceeding ten pounds;

(b) for any deficiency in excess of five per centum, not less than twenty-five pounds and not exceeding one hundred pounds.

40. (1) If any consumer neglects to pay any charge Discontinu35 or sum due by him to any gas company in respect of ance of supply after
the supply of gas to such consumer, the gas company notice.
may after giving reasonable notice of its intention to do
so, cut off such supply, and may disconnect any pipe or
do anything necessary for that purpose, and may until
40 such charge or sum is fully paid, discontinue such
supply to such consumer.

(2)

(2) The company may in any court of competent jurisdiction recover any expenses lawfully incurred by it in so cutting off the supply of gas, and also whether such supply has been cut off or not, any charge or sum due to the company in respect of the 5 supply of gas.

Where company ceases to electricity.

41. Where the Commissioner certifies to the Governor that it has been proved to his satisfaction supply gas or that a gas company or electric light company has ceased to supply or has suspended the supply of gas or 10 electricity, the Governor may authorise the Commissioner to take possession temporarily of the land and premises of such company, and all machinery, plant, utensils, and materials used by it in the production and supply of gas or electricity, and the manufacture of 15 by products.

> The Commissioner shall thereupon appoint manager who shall carry on the business of the company, and for that purpose shall have the powers, duties, and liabilities of the company and of its 20"

directors and manager.

The manager so appointed shall keep accounts of all moneys expended and received by him in carrying on such business, and shall from time to time pay over to a person appointed in that behalf by the directors of the company the profits of such business as appearing from such accounts.

At any time after the appointment of a manager the Commissioner may authorise the company to resume possession of the land and premises, and of such 30 machinery, plant, utensils, and materials, and from the date of such resumption of possession the powers and duties of the manager shall cease.

PART V.

ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES.

42. (1) An electric light company may, with the Power to 5 approval in writing of the Minister, after inquiry by a guarantee of commission constituted for that purpose, in such circum-specified stances and to such an extent as the commission may annual consumption, determine-

(a) require guarantees of a specified annual consumption or a specified annual revenue, or make a special charge as a condition of supplying electricity to any person; or

(b) make a minimum charge or service charge to any person supplied with electricity by such

company.

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15 (2) If any owner or occupier of premises requires from any company a supply of electricity differing materially in respect of the nature of the supply or the magnitude of the consumption from the supply taken 20 by the majority of other consumers, such company may certify the same to the Minister.

The Minister may, if in his opinion the circumstances warrant it, cause an inquiry to be held by a commission.

The commission shall, after inquiry, recommend to 25 the Minister the rates, charges, terms, and conditions upon which a supply should be given to such owner or occupier, and whether such rates, charges, terms, and conditions should thereafter be applicable to all other such owners or occupiers requiring a similar supply.

The Minister may by notice in writing thereupon 30 authorise such company to make such charges on the conditions and terms recommended by the commission.

43. An electric light company may only charge for Charge for the hire of any meter and fittings thereto, and hire of hire of meter. 35 electric motors, such amount on such terms and subject

to such conditions as to repair and securing the safety

thereof as the Commissioner may determine.

44. In determining and certifying to the Minister Separate the amounts which should be fixed as the standard lighting and 40 price to be charged or charges to be made by an electric power. light

light company for electricity a commission may provide for the charging of lower rates for power or heating

purposes than for lighting purposes.

Obligation of electric light company to supply electricity. ef. Electric Light and Power Act, 1928 (Vic.), s. 38.

45. (1) Where electricity is supplied to private consumers in any part of an area the council of the area and any company or person within that part of the area shall on application be entitled to a supply on the same terms on which any other council, company, or person in such part of the area is entitled under similar circumstances to a corresponding supply.

(2) If it is reported to the Commissioner that the wiring or fitting up of any building is so carried out that it would be dangerous to supply or to continue to supply electricity to such building, the Commissioner may direct some officer to make an inspecton of such 15

building and its premises.

(3) If the officer so directed to make an inspection reports that the wiring or fitting up of such building is carried out so that it would be dangerous to supply or continue to supply electricity to such building, the Commissioner may direct that no electricity be supplied to such building, and that the connection (if any) made with any supply main shall be cut off from such building.

Power to cut off supply. of. Ibid. s. 40.

46. (1) If any council, company, or person neglects 25 to pay any charge for electricity or any other sum due from it to any electric light company in respect of the supply of electricity to such council, company, or person, the electric light company may, after giving reasonable notice of its intention to do so, cut off such 30 supply, and for that purpose may cut or disconnect any electric line or other work through which electricity may be supplied, and may until such charge or other sum is fully paid, discontinue the supply of electricity to such council, company, or person.

(2) The electric light company may, in any court of competent jurisdiction, recover any expenses lawfully incurred by them in so cutting off the supply of electricity, and also whether they have cut off such supply or not, any charge for electricity or other sum 40.

due to them.

47.

47. (1) Where a supply of electricity is authorised Power to in any area by any Act or agreement and a supply of gas Governor to by any gas company is also authorised within such area company in or any part thereof by any Act, a commission may, upon certain cases. 5 the application of such gas company, be constituted to cf. Electric Light and inquire into the circumstances of the case.

Power Act, (2) Such application shall not be considered by 1928 (Vic.), s. 45.

the commission until after the expiration of one month from the publication of an advertisement in two news-10 papers published nearest to and circulating in the area affected by such application stating that such application is to be made and giving shortly the details and grounds thereof.

Any council, company, or person prejudicially affected 15 by such application shall be at liberty to oppose the same and on giving notice in writing to the Commissioner of an intention to do so.

The commission shall appoint a day to consider the case, when either party shall be at liberty to produce

20 such evidence as is deemed requisite.

(3) If satisfied that any specified part of such area is sufficiently supplied with electric light and that the supply of gas in such specified part has ceased to be remunerative to the gas company, and that it is just 25 that such gas company should be relieved from the obligation to supply gas upon demand, the commission may certify accordingly.

(4) The Governor may thereupon by proclamation in the Gazette relieve the gas company from such 30 obligation within such specified part of such area either wholly or in part and upon such terms and conditions

as the commission may recommend.

(5) From and after the date of such proclamation such gas company shall be so relieved accordingly.

25 (6) All expenses in connection with any such inquiry shall be borne and paid by the gas company upon whose application the inquiry was made or the council, company, or person opposing the same in such amounts or proportions as the commission orders at 40 such inquiry.

PART VI.

EMERGENCY PROVISIONS.

Power of company to refuse to supply gas.

48. Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other Act or any agreement or contract entered into by a gas company with any persons under which it has coven- 5 cf. Act No. 2, anted or agreed to supply gas, the company may upon 1917, s. 10. notification by the Governor of the notification by the Governor on the recommendation of the Commissioner as provided in this Part refuse to supply or discontinue the supply of gas either wholly or partially or for any time to any or all such persons 10 without being liable for any costs, damages, or compensation whatever to any person consequent upon such refusal or discontinuance of supply.

Reduction in supply.

49. In the event of the supply of gas to be supplied by any gas company under any contract to or for street 15 or public lamps in any municipality or shire being reduced below the quantity or period contracted for, such reduction in supply during the currency of any such notification shall not be regarded as a breach of any such contract, and shall not vitiate or affect such 20 contract, but the amount payable to the gas company supplying such gas shall be reduced during such period of reduction by such an amount as shall be agreed upon between the council affected by such reduction and the gas company, and failing such agreement, as shall be 25 decided by the Commissioner.

Power of Governor by notification to prohibit use of gas. cf. Act No. 2, 1917, s. 11.

50. (1) The Governor may from time to time, on the recommendation of the Commissioner, publish as provided in this Part notifications prohibiting the consumption or use of gas other than by the persons or 30 classes of persons, or for the purposes or periods or subject to the conditions therein mentioned, and may revoke or amend any such notification.

If any person consumes or uses gas or permits or suffers gas to be consumed or used in contravention of 35 any such notification, or fails to comply with any conditions in such notification, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred pounds.

- (2) A gas company may, during the currency of any such notification, without notice disconnect the service of gas the consumption or use of which is prohibited by notification under this section, or in 5 respect of which any condition imposed in such notification has not been complied with.
 - (3) Any such notification shall be published in the Gazette.
- **51.** The Governor may, on the recommendation of Power of 10 the Commissioner, by notification in the Gazette, sus-suspend pend the operation of this Act and ordinance number operation of fifty-three under the Local Government Act, 1919, in provisions of whole or in part and in respect of any gas company so Act. far as this Act and such ordinance relate to the quality, cf. Act No. 2, 1917, s. 12. 15 heating power, purity, and pressure of gas.

Any such notification may be withdrawn by a further notification made by the Governor, on the recommendation of the Commissioner to that effect, and thereafter

such suspension shall be revoked.

refusal or discontinuance of supply.

52. Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any Power of other Act, or any agreement or contract entered into by electric light company with any named a which company to any electric light company with any persons under which refuse to such company has covenanted or agreed to supply supply electricity. electricity, such company may upon notification by the cf. Ilid. s. 4. 25 Governor, on the recommendation of the Commissioner, as provided in this Part, refuse to supply or discontinue the supply of electricity either wholly or partially or for any time to any or all such persons without being liable for any costs, damages, or compen-30 sation whatever to any person consequent upon such

53. (1) The Governor may from time to time, on Publication the recommendation of the Commissioner, publish as of notice. provided in this Part notifications prohibiting the 35 consumption or use of electricity other than by the persons or classes of persons, or for the purpose or periods or subject to the conditions therein mentioned, and may revoke or amend any such notification.

20

Penalty.

If any person consumes or uses electricity or permits or suffers electricity to be consumed or used in contravention of any such notification, or fails to comply with any condition in such notification, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred pounds.

Discontinuance of supply.

(2) The company may, during the currency of any such notification, without notice disconnect the service of electricity the consumption or use of which is prohibited by notification under this section, or in respect of which any condition imposed in such notifica- 10 tion has not been complied with.

Users of electricity to in the first instance

of. Act No. 2 1917. s. 6.

54. In the first instance, and for so long as the be authorised Commissioner may recommend, such notification may authorise the consumption and use of electricity upon the normal terms and conditions by the persons carrying 15 on the following functions or enterprises, namely, water supply services, public lighting, cold storage, ice making, flour milling, butchering, baking, dairy produce and fish distribution, and such other functions or enterprises the stoppage of which might, in the opinion 20 of the Commissioner, tend to endanger human life or cause serious bodily injury.

Publication of notifications.

1917, s. 7.

55. All notifications by the Governor under this Part of this Act shall be published in the Gazette of. Act No. 2, and in one or more newspapers circulating in the district 25 in respect of which the notification is published, and posted in some conspicuous place at the office of the Department of Labour and Industry, Sydney.

56. This Part of this Act shall bind the Crown.

Act to bind Crown. of. Act No. 2, 1917, s. 17

Suspension of provisions of Act 60 Vic. No. 23. cf. Act No. 2 1917, s. 8.

57. The operation of sections twenty-six and twenty- 30 seven of the Municipal Council of Sydney Electric Lighting Act, 1896–1928, shall, so far as such sections may be inconsistent with the provisions of any notifications in force under this Part of this Act, at any time be suspended for such time as such 35 notification remains in force.

PART VII.

GENERAL.

58. (1) Any gas company or electric light company Penalties. which contravenes or fails to carry out any provision of cf. Act No. 5 this Act shall, where no other penalty is provided, be s. 26. liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

(2) Any penalties under this Act or the regulations made thereunder may be imposed and 10 recovered by and before a stipendiary magistrate or police magistrate or any two justices in petty sessions.

59. (1) On resolutions being passed by both Houses Amendment of Parliament authorising the same, any Schedule of Schedules. to this Act, except Schedules One and Six, may be 71, 1912,
15 revoked, amended, or added to, or a new Schedule in s. 24. lieu thereof may be framed by the Governor, and any Schedule so amended or added to, or any such new Schedule, shall be a Schedule to this Act.

(2) Where any amendment of Schedule Two or 20 Schedule Four of this Act is proposed notice of the proposed amendment shall be given to each gas company affected, and if within fourteen days of such notice a company signifies its disapproval in writing to such proposed amendment a commission shall be constituted 25 by the Minister under this Act to hold a public inquiry at which the company affected shall be entitled to be represented and be heard as to whether the proposed amendment should be proceeded with.

60. (1) The Governor may make such regulations Regulations. 30 not inconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act, and in particular and without limiting the generality of the foregoing 35 power, the Governor may make regulations—

(a) for the control of the installation, alteration, connection, and disconnection of any meters, pipes, fittings, electric lines, and apparatus;

(b)

(b) prohibiting interference with any meters, fittings, pipes, electric lines, and apparatus by unauthorised persons:

(c) for the testing, stamping, and examination of meters, the registration by and regulation of 5 meters, and any matters incidental thereto:

(d) prescribing the form of meter card and invoice to be supplied to each consumer of gas of any gas company which charges, or may at any time hereafter charge, for gas according to the 10 number of therms consumed; or to each consumer of electricity of any electric light company;

(e) for the licensing of gas-fitters;

(f) conferring upon a gas company or electric 15 light company power to refuse or discontinue a supply of gas or electricity where the conditions of such supply are dangerous to life, health and property, and regulating the exercise of such power;

(g) prescribing the procedure at the inquiries of a commission, the conduct and payment of expenses (including witnesses' expenses) of such inquiries, and all matters necessary or desirable relating to the commission and to 25 such inquiries;

(h) prescribing the amount or fee to be paid to the Commissioner and members of a commission;

(i) prescribing the unit of electricity in respect of which a standard price may be charged.

(2) Where no other penalty is provided for, the regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds for any contravention of or failure to comply with this Act or any regulation made thereunder.

(3) The regulations shall—

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- (a) be published in the Gazette;
- (b) take effect from the date of such publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and

(c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen sitting days after the publication thereof if Parliament is then in session, and if not, within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, 10 such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

SCHEDULES.

SCHEDULE ONE.

Secs. 3, 12, 14, 15, 20, 22.

COMPANIES TO WHICH THIS ACT APPLIES. Standard price

15	Company,	8	of	rd price gas herm.
			s.	d.
	Australian Gas-light Company	•••	1	1.8
	North Shore Gas Company Limited	•••	1	3
	The City of Newcastle Gas and Coke Company Limite	\mathbf{d}	1	$2 \cdot 4$
ο Λ	Camden Gas Company Limited	• • •	2	6
20	Camden Gas Company Limited Cowra Gas Company Limited	•••	2	2
	Grenfell Gas Company Limited	•••	2	3
	Manly Gas Company Limited		1	$7 \cdot 2$
	Broken Hill and Suburban Gas Company Limited	•••	2	4.8

SCHEDULE TWO.

Secs. 25, 59,

STANDARD OF PURITY.

25

Such gas shall contain—

No hydrogen sulphide.

Secs. 25, 59.

SCHEDULE THREE.

APPARATUS FOR TESTING.

- 1. The apparatus for testing the heating power shall consist of a calorimeter of a pattern approved by the Minister, or such other apparatus as the Commissioner may approve.
- 2. The apparatus for testing the presence in the gas of sulphuretted hydrogen shall be a glass vessel containing a strip of bibulous paper moistened with a solution of acetate of lead containing 60 grains of crystallised acetate of lead dissolved in 1 fluid ounce of water.

Secs. 25, 59.

SCHEDULE FOUR.

10.

METHOD OF TESTING.

1. Method of testing for heating power.

The unit of heating power shall be the British thermal unit, which represents the quantity of heat required to raise one pound of water one degree of Fahrenheit's thermometer. The heating power of the 15 gas shall be deemed to be the number of British thermal units obtained from one cubic foot of gas.

When the calorimeter prescribed is so designed as to most conveniently register the heating power in calories, the result shall be converted to British thermal units by multiplying the number of 20 calories by 3.968.

A calorie shall be understood to be the amount of heat required to raise one kilogramme of water one degree of the centigrade thermometer.

In order to test the gas for heating power when a flow calorimeter 25 is used, the gas shall first pass through an efficient meter and governor.

The gas in the calorimeter is to be lighted and the water to be flowing through the calorimeter where water is used for at least thirty minutes before the beginning of the testing.

Each testing shall include fifteen observations of the temperature of 30 the outlet water made at intervals of one quarter of one minute, and four observations of the temperature of inlet water made at intervals of one minute. The average of each set of fifteen and four observations respectively, is to be taken as the outlet and inlet temperature for that testing.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE FOUR—continued.

METHOD OF TESTING—continued.

1. Method of testing for heating power—continued.

The British thermal unit shall for the purposes of this Act be the 5 British thermal unit net, in which the latent heat of the vaporisation of the water vapour in the gas consumed shall be deducted from the gross result.

The result shall be corrected for atmospheric pressure and for temperature, and in such other particulars as the gas examiner may 10 deem necessary, in order to arrive at the true measurement of the heat produced.

Where a recording calorimeter is used it shall be standardised by the chief gas examiner upon its installation and at any time thereafter at the discretion of the chief gas examiner.

15 In the event of the heating power being at any time ascertained to be below five hundred British thermal units net, or the standard prescribed by proclamation in the Gazette in lieu of five hundred British thermal units net in respect of any particular company, a second test shall be made at an interval of not less than one hour 20 from the time of making the first test at that testing-place, and the average of the two tests shall be deemed to be the heating power of the gas at such testing-place on that day:

Provided that the Commissioner may, upon such conditions as he may from time to time impose, authorise any other method of testing.

2. Method of testing for sulphuretted hydrogen.

25

The gas shall be passed through the glass vessel containing the strip of bibulous paper moistened with the solution of acetate of lead for a period of three minutes or such longer period as may be prescribed, and if any discoloration of the test-paper is found to have taken place where carburetted water gas is not used, this is to be held conclusive as to the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas; and where carburetted water gas is mixed with gas supplied and any discoloration of the test paper is observed, confirmation of the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen shall be obtained by passing the gas through a solution of lead acetate or silver nitrate for a period of three minutes, and should a black precipitate be formed, this shall be held conclusive as to the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas.

SCHEDULE FIVE.

Secs. 17, 59.

FORM OF ANNUAL ACCOUNTS.

The

Company.

Year ended 31st December, 19 .

A-STATEMENT OF SHARE CAPITAL.

5

On the 31st December, 19 .

l Description of Capital.	2 Standard Dividend Authorised.	3 Number of Shares Issued.	4 Nominal Amount of Share.	5 Called Up Per Share.	6 Total Paid Up.	7 Amount Issued but not Paid Up.	8 Remaining to be Issued.	9 Total Amounts Authorised.	10
-									

B-STATEMENT OF LOAN CAPITAL.

On the 31st December, 19 .

l Description of Loan (Mortgage, Bond, bebenture, Stock, &c.)	2 Rate per cent. of Interest.	3 Total Amount Borrowed at 31st December, 19	4 Remaining to be Borrowed.	5 Total Amounts Authorised.	15
	•				
÷					
Total Share	Capital paid up	(See A)	. £		
Total Loan	Capital borrowed	d (See B)	. £		
Tota	l Capital receive	d	. £		

SCHEDULE

C-CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

For the Year ended 31st December, 19 .

5		Expenditure to 31st Dec., 19 .	Expended this year.	Total to 31st December, 19 .		Certified Receipts, 31st Dec., 19 .	Received during year.	Total Receipts, to 31st Dec., 19
10 [‡]	1. To expenditure to 31st December, 19 .	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	1. By Ordinary Shares of £ each	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	2. To lands acquired, including law charges				2. By Ordinary Shares of £ each		•	
15	3. To new buildings, manufacturing plant, machines, storage works, and other structures connected with manufacture				3. By Preference Shares of £ each			
20 25	4. To new and additional mains and service pipes (not being in place of old ones worn out), including laying same, paving, and other works connected with distribution				4. By Debenture Stock			
30	5. To new and additional meters (not in place of old ones worn out), including fixing				5. By Mortgages and Bonds		,	
35	5. (a) Do stoves6. To costs of promoting Special Act.				6. By Amount received in anticipation of calls			
	7. To special items, if any				7. By Premium Capital			
4 Ö	Total expenditure To Balance of Capital Account		•••••					
			£			Total	£	

D-REVENUE ACCOUNT.

For the year ended 31st December, 19 .

	f.s.d	£ s. d.	1	£ s. d.	£ a d.	
To Manufacture of Gas-	~ 5. 4.	7. 2. 4.	By Sale of Gas-		- 5. a.	5
1. Coal. oil. &c., including dues,	ĺ	1	1. Private consumers at per	1		อ
carriage, unloading, and all ex-			therm	1		
penses of depositing same on	ļ	1	2. Public lighting and under con-	1 1		
works	1		tracts			
2. Purifying materials, water, and		1	i .			
sundries at works		1	3. Rental of meters	i !		10
3. Salaries of Engineer, and other						
officers at works		1	İ			
5. Repairs and maintenance of works)	1 1		
and plant (including renewal of		1	By Sale of Residual Products—			
and plant (including renewal of retorts), machines, apparatus,		1	4. Coke			
tools, materials, and labour		1	5. Breeze			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	-	6. Tar	1 1		
Less old material sold			7. Ammoniacal liquor			
Less old material sold]		8. Sulphate of ammonia			15
		-}	9. Asphalt	1 1		
To Distribution of Gas—	Į		10. By rents			
Salaries and wages of officers,			11. By transfer fees			
including rental clerks		1	By other items, if any	. 1		
7. Repair, maintenance and renewal			Ĭ			
of mains and service pipes, in-			i	1 1		
cluding materials, laying and	1	1		i 1		
paving, and labour	ļ	I	!	1 1		
8. Repairing, renewing, and fixing			ł	1 1		
and refixing meters, stoves, gas fittings, &c]				
noungs, wc	i	1	i	1 1		
		i				
To Public Lamps—		1		1 1		
9. Lighting and repairing	1					
	l	ļ		1		
To Rent, Rates, and Taxes—				1 1		
10. Rents	Ì	1		1		
11. Rates and taxes (exclusive of			j '	, ,		
State and Federal Income Tax) .		1				
Me Management			i			
To Management—	1	j		1		
12. Directors' allowances	l	1		1		
and clerks, office-keepers, and	Ì	j				
messengers	l	1		1 1		
14. Collectors' commission or salaries.	ļ	1		1 1		
15. Stationery and printing	i	1		. 1		
16. General establishment charges		1	i i			
and incidentals				i		
17. Auditor	ì	1	[
	l					
To Law and Parliamentary Charges-	l	1		1		
18. Law	1	1				
19. Parliamentary charges	i					
To Conoral Charges		1	ì	. 1		
To General Charges— 20. To Bad Debts	1	}	1			
		1	1			
To other items (if any)	1	1		. 1		
To amount transferred to Special Purposes and Depreciation Fund			1			
(G), as authorised under section		1	į į			
ten	1	l	ļ i			
V			!			
Madal Manager 114			Makal Bassinks	- !		20
Total Expenditure£			Total Receipts£	l		~0
ì			1			
			1	1		
Balance carried to Profit and Loss				1		
Account (E)				- 1		
		1				

SCHEDULE

Dr. E-PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (NET REVENUE).

Cr.

For the Year ended 31st December, 19 .

5	1.	To Amount carried to Reserve Fund Account (F) from profits of 19		s.	d.	By Balance of net profit brought from last account (31st December, 19)	£	8.	d.
10		To Interest on temporary loans, and moneys received in anticipation of calls				2. By Amount drawn from Reserve			
		accrued to 31st December, 19 To Dividend on Debenture Stock to 31st December, 19				Less dividend paid for the half-year ended 31st December, 19			
15		To Half-year's Dividend on 1st preferential to 30th June, 19 To Half-year's 2nd preferential to 31st December, 19				3. Balance brought from Revenue Account (D), being profit for year to 31st December, 19			٠
20	7.	To Half-year's Dividend on ordinary shares at per cent							
25	To	b Balance of net profit to be carried to next account, subject to half- year's dividend to 31st December, 19	l			4. Interest on moneys deposited			
		£				£			

F-RESERVE FUND ACCOUNT.

For the Year ended 31st December, 19 .

30 1. Amount (if any) carried to Profit and Loss Account (E) to make up deficiencies of dividends to 31st December, 19	By Balance brought forward from last account	£ s. d.	
3. Amount of Balance to be carried to next account	3. By Interest on amounts invested £		

G-Special Purposes and Depreciation Fund Account.

For the Year ended 31st December, 19 .

1. To Expenses incurred by reason of accidents, or circumstances which due care and management could not have prevented To other items (if any) 2. To Expenses incurred in the replacement or removal of plant or works other than expenses requisite for maintenance and repair of plant and works To Replacement of plant To Renewal of plant and works To Renewal of plant and works To Other items (if any) 3. To Amount of Balance to be carried to next Account.	1. By Balance brought from last Account
£(£

H-STATEMENT OF GAS AND COALS.

During the Year ended 31st December 19

Description of Coal.	In Store 31st Dec., 19 .	Received during year.	Carbonised or used during year.	In Store 31st Dec., 19 .	Gas made during year (therms).	Gas sold during 2 year (therms).
	Tons.	Tens.	Tons.	Tons.	The second second	
,						

I-STATEMENT OF RESIDUAL PRODUCTS.

For the year ended 31st December, 19 .

5	Description of Residual.	In Store 31st December, 19 . Estimated.	Made during year. Estimated	Used in manufacturing during year. Estimated.	Sold during year.	In Store 31st December, 19 . Estimated.
10	Coke Breeze Tar, Gallons Ammoniacal Liquor Sulphate of Ammonia					

J-GENERAL BALANCE-SHEET.

1. To Capital Account— Balance at credit thereof (Account	£ s. d		1_	
20 2. To Profit and Loss Account— Balance at credit thereof (Account— E)	tttt	1. By Cash at bankers 2. By Cash on deposit at interest 3. By Coals for stock on hand, 31st December, 19 4. By Coke and breeze 5. By Tar and other products 6. By Sundry stores 7. By Accounts due to the Company; balance of this account due to the Company on 31st December, 19, less deposits and prepayments 8. By Coke and other residual 9. By Sundry accounts By Special items (if any), including investments		. d.

K-BALANCE-SHEET OF THE

COMPANY MADE UP TO

19

Dr.					Cr.
	CAPITAL AND LIA	BILITIES.		PROPERTY AND	ASSETS.
Capital.	The number of shares The amount paid per share	£ s. d. £ s. d.	Property held by the Company.	Showing— Immovable property, distinguishing— (a) Freehold land	£ s. d.
	8. If any arrears of calls, the nature of the ar- rears and the names of the defaulters			(b) ,, buildings (c) Leasehold Movable property, distin- guishing— (d) Stock-in-trade	
Debts and liabilities of the	 The particulars of any forfeited shares The amounts of loans on mortgages or debenture bonds 		Debts owing to the Company,	(e) Plant	
company.	6. The amount of debts owing by the Company distinguishing, (a) Debts for which			securities Debts considered good, for which the Company holds no security	
	acceptances have been given (b) Debts to trades- men for Supplies of Stock-in-trade			Debts considered doubt- ful and bad	·
	or other articles (c) Debts for Law Expenses		Cash and invest- ments.	pany to be separately stated.) The nature of Investment and rate of Interest The amount of Cash.	
	other loans (e) Unclaimed dividends (f) Not enumerated			where lodged, and if bearing interest.	
Reserve Fund. ecial Pur- oses and	above The amount set aside from profits The amount appropriated from revenue under				
preciation Fund.					
Loss. ontingent iabilities.	for payment of divi- dends, &c Claims against the Com- pany not acknow-				
	ledged as debts Moneys for which the Company is contin- gently liable				
	£			£	

L-LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name of Shareholder.	Address.	Occupation.	Number of Shares held.	Class of Shares.	Date of purchase or allotment.	- 55
						-

SCHEDULE

Gas and Electricity.

47

SCHEDULE SIX.

Sec. 2 (1).

Number of Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of repeal.
No. 71, 1912	Gas Act, 1912	The whole.
No. 3, 1918	Gas (Amendment) Act, 1918	The whole.
5 No. 14, 1920	Gas (Amendment) Act, 1920	The whole.
No. 5, 1926	Gas (Amendment) Act, 1926	The whole.
No. 2, 1917	Electric Lighting and Gas Emergency Act, 1917.	The whole.